BEFORE THE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

In the Matter of the Application regarding the Conversion and Acquisition of Control of Premera Blue Cross and its Affiliates.

No. G 02-45

PREMERA'S RESPONSE TO INTERVENORS' MOTION FOR EMERGENCY HEARING

INTRODUCTION

In anticipation of a possible motion by Premera, the Intervenors filed a "motion for emergency hearing." The Intervenors' motion combines baseless innuendo with procedural claims that are utterly without merit. There has been no impropriety by either the OIC Staff or Premera. Contrary to the Intervenors' assertions, the Commissioner has full authority to permit Premera to consider and respond to the concerns and suggestions of the OIC Staff's consultants. Granting Premera's pending motion will ensure that the Commissioner has the benefit of full information and, at the same time, enhance public understanding and involvement in this process.

The Intervenors' implication that Premera and the OIC Staff may not talk to each other is absurd. The Commissioner is the decision-maker with respect to Premera's Form A. As such, the Commissioner is shielded from <u>ex parte</u> communications with the parties

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on questions of substance. As the Commissioner confirmed at the hearing on October 22, 2003, there is no such limit on contact between parties. Nothing that the parties discuss can limit the Commissioner's role in this proceeding. Neither Premera nor the OIC Staff would presume to suggest otherwise.

The Intervenors note that October 15 has passed, implying that the Commissioner lacks authority to amend the case schedule that he established three months ago to permit amendments to the Form A. There is no basis for such a claim, as the Commissioner has recognized in prior decisions modifying deadlines in this proceeding. Equally without merit is the Intervenors' suggestion that Premera must withdraw its application and undertake an entirely new review process. Amendments to Form A statements are firmly established in practice and authorized under the OIC's rules. Under Premera's proposal, moreover, the time allocated for review of and decision on any amended application far exceeds the 60 days allowed by statute for a decision on a new Form A.

Although the Intervenors suggest that they or the public could be deprived of information or the ability to provide input, that concern is fully addressed by Premera's proposal. Any amendment to the Form A must be submitted by January 8, 2004. Consistent with the Commissioner's prior directive, any such amendment would be posted on the OIC website. The public would also have access to all supplemental expert reports that may be submitted on any Form A changes. The Commissioner has indicated that members of the public may offer comments throughout this proceeding. Hence, granting Premera's motion to extend the case schedule would give the public an additional two months to make such comments.

The Intervenors' attempt to block Premera from filing an amendment to its Form A is a thinly veiled effort to force Premera to go to hearing without an opportunity to address the substantive issues raised by the OIC Staff's consultants. Alternatively, the

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Intervenors seek to restart the entire conversion review process. Both options are unwarranted under the law; both would serve to frustrate the review process now underway. Premera therefore asks the Commissioner to grant Premera's Motion to Extend Case Schedule and to reject the Intervenors' motion.

ARGUMENT

1. There is no legal authority to suggest that discussions between the OIC Staff and Premera are prohibited.

Plainly, the OIC Staff and the OIC Staff's consultants may engage in substantive discussions with Premera. The Commissioner's First Order: Case Management Order forbade ex parte communication with the Commissioner, as the presiding officer, and those whom he has designated as his assistants in that function. There is no such prohibition of communication between the OIC Staff and Premera, both of which are "parties" to the proceeding. In an adversary system, and in an administrative hearing, the parties are free to meet with each other and discuss anything that they choose. Nothing that they might discuss, however, is binding upon the decision-maker.

As the Commissioner knows—indeed, as was contemplated by the review process that he established—the OIC Staff and consultants met over a period of many months with Premera to obtain requested information and to discuss various aspects of Premera's proposal. The Commissioner also permitted the Intervenors' counsel to speak with the OIC Staff's consultants. Premera believes that the Intervenors and the OIC Staff have had

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¹ The Intervenors fault Premera for not having amended its proposal earlier to take account of issues that were identified by the States' consultants in February. Motion at 5. The Intervenors fail to point out that those issues were only a preliminary and partial list of suggestions. Premera wanted to have the consultants finish their analysis before engaging in any negotiations. The Intervenors also neglect to note that further analysis by the OIC Staff's consultants cast serious doubt on the wisdom of at least one such suggested change: the creation of two Foundation Shareholders, rather than one. Finally, the Intervenors omit the key fact that Premera has been seeking to engage in substantive discussions for the past three months. *See* Declaration of John P. Domeika (October 22, 2003) (attached).

discussions about their respective opinions and recommendations. Premera has no problem with this. The Commissioner addressed the issue of discussions between the OIC Staff and other parties at the hearing on October 22, 2003. There, the Commissioner stated that there is no prohibition upon the ability of the OIC Staff to discuss the substance of Premera's Form A Statement with Premera.

Our society is based on a belief that truth arises from the marketplace of ideas and opinions. If the Intervenors have good ideas that they discuss with the OIC Staff, and the OIC Staff is persuaded of the merits of the Intervenors' opinions, is this a bad thing? We think not, particularly when the Commissioner is in no way bound by whatever commonality of opinion there may be between the Intervenors and the OIC Staff. They can agree all they want, but, in the end, they must persuade the Commissioner of the correctness of their views. So, too, any discussions that may take place between the OIC Staff and Premera are only discussions. The Commissioner is free to accept or reject any outcomes of those discussions.

2. The Commissioner has the authority to modify the case schedule, subject to the approval of the Thurston County Superior Court.

The very rule that authorizes the Commissioner to enter an order after a prehearing conference provides that such an order "shall control the subsequent course of the proceeding *unless modified for good cause by subsequent order*." WAC 10-08-130(3) (emphasis added). There have been numerous examples of such modifications in this matter, including those done at the request of the Intervenors.² Similarly, WAC 10-08-090(1) provides as follows:

² In addition, the Commissioner has <u>sua sponte</u> limited the time allowed for Premera to make and respond to motions and, at the Intervenors' request, extended the time in which they could submit their reply to one such response.

Postponements, continuances, extensions of time, and adjournments may be ordered by the presiding officer on his or her own motion or may be granted on timely request of any party, with notice to all other parties, if the party shows good cause.

Pursuant to this authority, Premera has filed a motion to extend the case schedule, conditioned upon adoption of and adherence to a revised schedule as set forth in the proposed order. The OIC Staff agrees with the appropriateness of Premera's request and proposed order; it has stated that it believes Premera's request would serve the salutary purpose of potentially narrowing the issues in dispute between Premera and the OIC Staff. There can be little doubt that discussions designed to identify solutions to the concerns expressed by the OIC Staff's consultants could narrow the issues at the hearing to those that truly divide the parties.

Such discussions would continue those already begun. Many months ago, the OIC Staff undertook to study Premera's proposal, to engage in an examination of Premera (which, by its terms, contemplates extensive exchanges between the OIC Staff and Premera), and to make a recommendation at the Form A hearing. As contemplated, there have been extensive procedural and substantive discussions throughout the process. Such contact is in no way improper, as the Commissioner affirmed at the hearing on October 22, 2003. The reports prepared by the OIC Staff's consultants were not supposed to identify faults with the Form A that could not be cured. They were, instead, designed to assure that the Commissioner was advised of all of issues raised by the Form A. It is absurd to argue that Premera cannot discuss with OIC Staff the substance of those reports, with a view to finding solutions to address the consultants' concerns.

There is but one constraint upon the authority of the Commissioner to modify deadlines or otherwise determine the case schedule in this case: the order of the Thurston County Superior Court establishing a deadline for the decision upon Premera's Form A

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Statement. Any proposed extension by the Commissioner of that decision date must be conditioned upon the entry of a stipulated modification of the Stipulation of Parties and Final Order entered by Judge Casey on September 12, 2003. Premera's motion contemplates such a modification.³

3. The Intervenors' preference that Premera file a new Form A rather than amend the pending one is peculiar but in any event without force.

The Intervenors state that nothing in the Holding Company Acts "explicitly permits a company to re-file, amend, revise or supplement a Form A filing" Motion, at 6. More to the point, nothing in the Holding Company Acts limits Form A amendments. The rules adopted by this agency specifically contemplate them.

WAC 284-18-370, entitled "Amendments to Form A," provides as follows:

The applicant shall promptly advise the commissioner of any changes in the information so furnished on Form A arising subsequent to the date upon which such information was furnished but prior to the commissioner's disposition of the application.

Similarly, WAC 284-18A-360, entitled "Amendments to Form A," provides as follows:

The applicant shall promptly advise the commissioner of any changes in the information so furnished on Form A arising after the date upon which the information was provided but prior to the commissioner's disposition of the application.

Despite this clear authority, the Intervenors ask the Commissioner to rule that "[i]f Premera proposes, requests or agrees to substantive changes, revisions, amendments, supplements or conditions to the proposed conversion transaction, the proposed changes will not be considered unless Premera withdraws its pending Form A filing and submits a new revised Form A filing" Motion at 7. There is no authority for such a request. Intervenors would have Premera and the OIC Staff squander more than 14 months of

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³ Premera does not propose to open up the case schedule anew. On the contrary, Premera's motion is conditioned upon leaving the case schedule unchanged except as specifically set forth in the proposed order.

effort and the many millions of dollars spent on the OIC Staff's consultants. This betrays the Intervenors' true motivation, which is to derail the OIC's conversion review process rather than assist the Commissioner by providing their distinctive views on Premera's proposal. The Intervenors' proposal is also pointless. Were Premera to submit a new Form A application on January 8, 2004, the Holding Company Acts would require a decision on that application within 60 days, which is *before* the current deadline of March 15, 2004. Premera's pending motion, by contrast, would *extend* the current schedule for decision by 63 days.⁴

Granting Premera's motion and adopting its proposed Order will assure that the Intervenors and the public both have every opportunity to review and provide their input on any changes to the Form A that may be proposed. As the OIC Staff noted in supporting that proposal:

The public's interest is best served by addressing as many issues as possible prior to the actual hearing. By allowing time for discussions between Premera and the OIC Staff and any resulting modifications to the Form A, the Commissioner will be provided the benefit of narrowing of the differences of opinion between Premera and OIC Staff and the best information available upon which to base his decision.

OIC Staff Response to Premera's Motion to Extend Case Schedule, at 2.

CONCLUSION

The Intervenors' motion should be denied. There is no emergency. Two parties to this proceeding have simply advised the Commissioner that they are interested in having substantive discussions, which are in no way binding on the Commissioner. Premera's motion asks the Commissioner to adjust the case schedule to permit such discussions. That motion should be granted.

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⁴ Premera's proposed Order provides for 67 days between the submission of any Form A amendments (January 8, 2004) and the start of the adjudicative hearing (March 15, 2004). There are 130 days between the former date and proposed new decision deadline of May 17, 2004.

Once the innuendo and political rhetoric are stripped away, the Intervenors' motion is revealed as an attempt to frustrate the current review of Premera's proposed conversion. Premera's motion is entirely consistent with the goal of having a transparent and thorough-going review process. Indeed, permitting the parties to develop the best information before the hearing will promote a focus on the issues that remain in dispute and will assure that the public has ample ability to review and comment upon those issues.

DATED this _____ day of December, 2003.

Respectfully submitted,

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